

FINC 3511 - Corporate Finance - Formulas

$$\text{Net income} = (\text{EBIT} - \text{INT})(1 - \text{tax rate})$$

$$\text{Operating cash flow} = \text{NOPAT} + \text{Dep}$$

$$\text{NOPAT} = \text{EBIT}(1 - \text{tax rate})$$

$$\text{Net cash flow} = \text{Net income} + (\text{Dep} + \text{Amort})$$

$$\text{MVA} = (\text{shares outstanding})(\text{stock price}) - (\text{total common equity})$$

$$\text{EVA} = \text{EBIT}(1 - \text{tax rate}) - (\text{investor supplied capital})(\text{percentage cost of capital})$$

$$\text{Current assets} = \text{cash} + \text{marketable securities} + \text{inventory} + \text{accounts receivable}$$

$$\text{Current ratio} = \frac{\text{current assets}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

$$\text{Basic earning power} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Total assets}}$$

$$\text{Inventory turnover ratio} = \frac{\text{sales}}{\text{inventory}}$$

$$\text{Times interest earned} = \frac{\text{EBIT}}{\text{Interest charges}}$$

$$\text{Quick ratio} = \frac{\text{current assets} - \text{inventory}}{\text{current liabilities}}$$

$$\text{Fixed asset turnover} = \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{Net fixed assets}}$$

$$\text{Days sales outstanding} = \frac{\text{receivables}}{(\text{annual sales})/365}$$

$$\text{EBITDA Coverage Ratio} = \frac{\text{EBITDA} + \text{Lease Payments}}{\text{Interest Charges} + \text{Principal pmts} + \text{Lease pmts}}$$

$$\text{Debt ratio} = \frac{\text{total debt}}{\text{total assets}}$$

$$\text{Total asset Turnover} = \frac{\text{Sales}}{\text{total assets}}$$

$$\text{Net profit margin} = \frac{\text{Net income}}{\text{sales}}$$

$$\text{Price earnings ratio} = \frac{\text{Price per share}}{\text{Earnings per share}}$$

$$\text{Market/Book ratio} = \frac{\text{Market price per share}}{\text{Book price per share}}$$

$$\text{Return on total assets} = \frac{\text{Net income}}{\text{Total assets}} = (\text{Net profit margin})(\text{Total asset turnover})$$

$$\text{Return on common equity} = \frac{\text{Net income}}{\text{common equity}} = (\text{net profit margin})(\text{total asset turnover})(1/(1 - \text{debt ratio}))$$

$$\text{projected account balance} = (\text{old account balance})[(\text{new sales})/(\text{old sales})]$$

$$\text{Change in retained earnings} = (\text{net profit margin})(\text{sales}) - \text{dividends}$$

$$\text{Additional funds needed} = \text{projected assets} - (\text{projected liabilities} + \text{projected equity})$$

$$\hat{k}_i = \sum_{i=1}^n k_i p_i \quad \hat{k}_P = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \hat{k}_i \quad b_P = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i b_i \quad k_i = k_{RF} + b_i (k_M - k_{RF})$$

$$FV_n = PV \left(1 + \frac{i}{m} \right)^{n \cdot m} \quad PV = FV_n \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{i}{m} \right)^{n \cdot m}} \right) \quad FVA_n = PMT \sum_{t=1}^n (1+i)^{n-t}$$

$$PVA_n = PMT \sum_{t=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{(1+i)^t} \right) \quad EAR = \left(1 + \frac{i}{m} \right)^m$$

$$V_B = \frac{INT}{m} \sum_{t=1}^{N \cdot m} \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{k_b}{m} \right)^t} \right) + M \left(\frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{k_b}{m} \right)^{N \cdot m}} \right) \quad V_P = \frac{D}{k_P}$$

$$\text{Current yield} = (\text{annual interest payment}) / (\text{current price})$$

$$\text{Yield-to-maturity} = \text{current yield} + \text{capital gain/loss}$$

$$\hat{P}_0 = \frac{D_0(1+g)}{k_s - g} = \frac{D_1}{k_s - g} \quad \hat{P}_0 = \sum_{t=1}^{N_s} \frac{D_0(1+g_s)^t}{(1+k_s)^t} + \frac{\left[\frac{D_{N_s}(1+g_c)}{k_s - g_c} \right]}{(1+k_s)^{N_s}}$$

$$(V_B - FC) = INT \left(\sum_{t=1}^N \frac{1}{(1+k_d^B)^t} \right) + M \left(\frac{1}{(1+k_d^B)^N} \right) \quad (V_{ps} - FC) = \frac{D}{k_{ps}}$$

$$(\hat{P}_0 - FC) = \frac{D_1}{k_s - g} \quad WACC = w_d k_d^B (1-t) + w_p k_{ps} + w_s k_s$$

$$\text{Breakpoint (equity)} = \frac{\text{total dollar amount of retained earnings available}}{\text{fraction of equity in the capital structure}}$$

$$NPV = \sum_{t=1}^n \frac{CF_t}{(1+k)^t} - IO \quad IO = \sum_{t=1}^n \frac{CF_t}{(1+IRR)^t} \quad \sum_{t=0}^n \frac{COF_t}{(1+k)^t} = \frac{\sum_{t=0}^n CIF_t (1+k)^{n-t}}{(1+MIRR)^n}$$